

# CALIFORNIA TRIBAL COURT–STATE COURT FORUM

## *Forum* *E-Update*

January 2020

### TRIBAL COURT–STATE COURT FORUM

HON. ABBY ABINANTI  
HON. SUZANNE N. KINGSBURY  
Cochairs

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Hon. April E. Attebury  
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Hon. Hilary A. Chittick  
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Hon. Gail Dekreon  
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Hon. Patricia Guerrero  
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Hon. Patricia Lenzi  
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Hon. Sunshine S. Sykes  
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Hon. Juan Ulloa  
Hon. Mark Vezzola  
Hon. Claudette C. White  
Hon. Christine Williams  
Hon. Joseph J. Wiseman

#### IN THE NEWS

##### [Native court helps set an example](#)

Albuquerque Journal – December 23, 2019

On a Thursday in mid-December, when a 36-year-old Navajo man appeared in court for the final step of his DWI case, the prosecutor turned to him and said “congratulations.” He, along with his defense attorney, probation officer, judge, treatment providers and case management workers, had helped guide him through alcohol abuse treatment over the past year as he took part in the Urban Native American Healing to Wellness Court in the Metropolitan Courthouse.

##### [New laws and rules coming into effect in 2020](#)

CTV News - January 01, 2020

Legislation known as the Act Respecting First Nations, Inuit and Métis Children, Youth and Families will come into full force Jan. 1, 2020. It is meant to overhaul Canada's Indigenous child welfare system, which critics have for years described as inadequate and discriminatory.

##### ['Mistakes will be made': Federal minister acknowledges difficulty of Indigenous child welfare reform](#)

CBC - January 03, 2020

Indigenous Services Minister Marc Miller says a major overhaul of the Indigenous child welfare system that began on Jan. 1 won't unfold without stumbles, but the stakes are too high not to continue pushing forward. Indigenous children make seven per cent of Canada's population, but they represent about 50 per cent of youth in care, according to Miller. There are more Indigenous children in care now than at the height of the residential school era (which took place between the 1830s the closure of the last institution in 1996).

##### [A 41-year-old law designed to protect Native American families is under attack. Here's what that means for Colorado's tribes. \(Commentary\)](#)

Denver Post - January 05, 2020

Politicians, judges and social workers in Colorado are on the front lines of a brewing legal battle over a federal law that helps keep Native American children from being adopted outside their tribes. They've filed legal arguments in support of keeping the 41-year-old Indian Child Welfare Act intact and rallied support in their communities. They fear an argument that the act is unconstitutional because it is based on race could trigger changes to a multitude of other laws that protect Native Americans, their land, their businesses and their culture.

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Tribal/State Programs Link:

<http://www.courts.ca.gov/programs-tribal.htm>

**FORUM LEGISLATIVE PROPOSALS**

Visit forum's home page

<http://www.courts.ca.gov/3065.htm>

**[Duluth area leaders ready to fight crisis of missing and murdered indigenous women](#)**

StarTribune – January 6, 2020

Jessica Smith's story is woven into the fabric of centuries of trauma faced by Indigenous women. She stood before a theater of people Monday and told of the trafficking and abuse she faced — and how she found a way out. "I have overcome all the things that were made to destroy me," said the University of Wisconsin-Superior student. "It's up to us to be each other's strength."

Local Native American and political leaders marked Trafficking Awareness Month in Duluth on Monday by reckoning with their challenge: More than 80% of Indigenous women and men face violence in their lifetimes. Native American women are twice as likely to be raped, and in some areas they are 10 times as likely to be killed. In 2016 there were more than 5,700 reports of missing and killed Indigenous women and girls.

**[Judge calls out 'mischief' in treatment of Chinook](#)**

Chinook Observer - January 07, 2020

During a hearing Monday, Jan. 6 over whether the Chinook Indian Nation will be able to reapply for federal recognition, the judge in the case called out the U.S.'s mistreatment of Native American tribes. The tribe is suing the U.S. Department of the Interior and the Bureau of Indian Affairs over a rule that says a tribe that failed in its first petition for federal recognition cannot apply a second time. U.S. District Court Judge Ronald B. Leighton is presiding over the case. The Chinook cannot benefit from things like the Indian Child Welfare Act, Cushman said. The act was created to help Native American children in the foster care system get reunited their tribal communities.

**[FBI issues BOLO for missing Hardin girl](#)**

Billings Gazette – January 8, 2020

The FBI issued a BOLO alert for a 16-year-old Hardin girl who has been missing for more than a week.

The BOLO, which stands for "be on the lookout," was issued just after 4 p.m. on Wednesday by the FBI and asked for the public's help in finding Selena Shelley Faye Not Afraid. It's the first official alert since a [Missing and Endangered Persons Advisory was issued for Selena on New Year's Day](#), hours after she was last seen.

**[Understand it better: Our stories on the missing and murdered indigenous people crisis](#)**

Billings Gazette – January 8, 2020

The Billings Gazette has continued to examine one of the most urgent issues in Montana and our region — missing and murdered indigenous women and girls. In Montana, Native Americans are just 6.7% of the total population, but make up 26% of missing persons cases. The problem has persisted for generations, and many of the cases remain unsolved. The causes are numerous and complex, and any lasting solutions have been elusive. The Gazette is exploring the reasons the crisis has persisted and what can be done about it. And, we need your help. We welcome your tips, suggestions and feedback at [billingsgazette.com/mmiwtips](http://billingsgazette.com/mmiwtips).

These programs are supported with funds from the Office on Violence Against Women, U.S. Department of Justice that are administered through the Governor's Office of Emergency Services (CalOES), the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Court Improvement Program, and the California Department of Social Services.

## [South Dakota AG wants to create missing person clearinghouse](#)

The Dickinson Press – January 10, 2020

Senate Bill 27 would require law enforcement agencies to provide information to the clearinghouse in a certain form prescribed by the South Dakota Division of Criminal Investigation.

## [Foster Care Firewalls and Race-Blind Removals: New York Governor's Provocative Plans for Child Welfare](#)

Chronicle of Social Change – January 10, 2020

Cuomo also did not mention the state's 15,500-plus youth in foster care in his speech, but he included three child welfare-related proposals in a longer list of written proposals released yesterday.

## [Sask. First Nations asking federal government to transfer \\$360M per year to take over child welfare](#)

CBC - January 10, 2020

New federal legislation now allows First Nations to take control of their own child welfare. But Federation of Sovereign Indigenous Nations Chief Bobby Cameron said that can only happen if money now spent on those kids by the federal government is transferred to First Nations agencies. Bill C-92 came into effect on Jan. 1. The federal bill is intended to address overrepresentation of Indigenous children in care by giving Indigenous governments the option to take control of child welfare services, and to create their own child welfare laws.

## [S.D. Attorney General to 'not take sides' in case that could determine future of ICWA](#)

Rapid City Journal - January 12, 2020

The South Dakota attorney general had decided "to not take sides" in a high-stakes federal lawsuit that could determine the future of a law meant to keep Native American families, communities and culture intact.

## [Missing and murdered Indigenous women crisis: Savanna's Act and the Not Invisible Act to address the crisis of missing and murdered Indigenous women](#)

AitkinAge – January 12, 2020

According to U.S. Senator Tina Smith (D-Minn.) a key Senate panel has approved two measures that will improve the federal government's response to the missing and murdered Indigenous women (MMIW) crisis. She said the two bills passed by the Indian Affairs Committee—Savanna's Act and the Not Invisible Act—would increase coordination with law enforcement, improve data collection, and coordinate violent crime prevention efforts in native communities.

Sen. Smith, a member of the Committee, said she has been deeply troubled by recent reporting outlining how a native woman was found strapped into the passenger's side of a submerged truck in a North Dakota lake after the woman went missing. This comes just a week after local leaders at the Minnesota State Capitol pressed for immediate action to pass the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) and reduce the high rate of violence against native and Indigenous people.

## [Missing and murdered in Mexico: Red shoes and 'not one more killed'](#)

Indian Country Today – January 12, 2020

Stiletto heels. Clogs. Trainers. Tiny, child-size Crocs.

Activists placed hundreds of painted-red women's shoes on Mexico City's sun-drenched main square Saturday to call attention to gender-based violence in a country where, on average, 10 women and girls are murdered each day and less than 10 percent of the cases are ever solved.

As residents and tourists milled about the plaza, or Zocalo — the historical, political, cultural and religious heart of the country — demonstrators marched to the massive front door of the colonial-era National Palace and placed five pairs on the paving stones as a uniformed guard looked on.

"Not one more killed!" they cried to the beat of a drum.

## [A Well of Grief: The Relatives of Murdered Native Women Speak Out](#)

The Guardian – January 13, 2020 (via the Pulitzer Center)

On a warm summer day in 2018, Lissa Yellow-bird Chase packed her vehicle with sunscreen, iPads, spiritual items and water. She drove to the bank of Lake Sakakawea on the edge of Fort Berthold Reservation, in western North Dakota.

She parked her vehicle, bearing the license plate "SEARCH", and prepared for a long day ahead. As she'd done several days that summer, she began to scour her territory for clues. With fishing sonar equipment and a dilapidated old boat, she had nothing to go by but her instincts.

It was here, in the deep blue lake, that she and volunteers from her group [the Sahnish Scouts of North Dakota](#), found the body of Olivia Lonebear. The 32-year-old and mother of five had last been seen in New Town, a small oil-boom city on the edge of Fort Berthold Reservation, nine months prior.

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Countless women have been victims of similar, less high-profile cases, but Lonebear's death exposed the reality in which Native American women and girls live – what the former North Dakota senator Heidi Heitkamp called a “[hidden epidemic](#)”. The facts are dire. Native American women and girls are sexually assaulted and targeted at rates far greater than other American women, and they are [10 times](#) more likely to be murdered.

### [5 Yurok tribal police officers sworn in as Del Norte reserve deputies](#)

KRCTV News – January 14<sup>th</sup>, 2020

Yurok Tribal Police Chief Greg O' Rourke and four officers from the Yurok Tribal Police Department were sworn in as reserve Del Norte County Deputies on Jan. 14.

Lieutenant Jacob Morris, Sargent Brian Donahue, Sargent Eric Morris and Officer William Kerr were sworn in with Chief O' Rourke Tuesday morning at the Crescent City Board of Supervisors meeting.

Del Norte County Sheriff Erik Apperson said at the meeting the process to achieve the agreement had taken an extended period of time but was on steady ground because of it.

### [New app aims to reduce number of missing and murdered Native women](#)

Yakima Herald-Republic – January 14, 2020

Clyde Ford founded his software company, Entegra Analytics, as a business, but also as a way to use software for social justice. His work has led him to create smartphone apps that combat human trafficking and drug abuse.

Ford has lived on the Lummi Reservation for 30 years. In that time he has seen the terrible impact of the decades long crisis of missing and murdered indigenous women. As the issue has gotten more attention in recent years and people have sought ways to keep Native women and girls safe, Ford and his Bellingham-based company developed an app designed to help in that effort.

The new Tribal Watch MMIW app is already in the process of going online in an Inuit community in Alaska, Ford said. He hopes it can address issues of missing and murdered indigenous women on the 1.3-million-acre Yakama Nation, and with other tribes as well.

### [California Could Create A Task Force To Solve Cases Of Missing And Murdered Native American Women](#)

Capital Public Radio – January 15, 2020

Assembly Bill 1854 would create a task force in the California Department of Justice focused on solving cases of missing and murdered Native American Women.

The Issue: California has the largest Native American population in the country, with more than 700,000 people identifying as Native American or Alaskan Native and more than 100 federally-recognized tribes.

That population disproportionately faces violence compared to other populations.

More than 80 percent of Native American and Alaskan Native women nationwide experience violence in their lifetime, according to the National Institute of Justice.

### [Schools start teaching lessons from Oregon's Native American tribes](#)

The Register-Guard – January 16, 2020

Eagerly anticipated by area teachers and students, the teachings were created with the state's nine tribes

This month, Oregon's Department of Education finally rolled out the first pieces of new statewide curriculum on the history and culture of Native Americans in Oregon after lawmakers passed Senate Bill 13 in 2017 with the hope of remedying years of incomplete or inaccurate teachings.

This school year is the first time districts are required to implement the change in classrooms — but the curriculum is not yet available for all grades.

### [New Mexico Supreme Court Upholds Tribal Sovereignty](#)

Turtle Talk – January 17, 2020

In *Mendoza v. Isleta Resort and Casino*, the New Mexico Supreme Court heard the case of a party who wished to circumvent tribal procedures for a worker's compensation claim. Ultimately, the New Mexico Supreme Court's holding is a big win for tribal sovereignty, as it requires an express waiver of sovereignty before permitting a state action to commence over a dispute arising on tribal property.

### [North Carolina Chief Justice visits Cherokee](#)

Cherokee One Feather – January 17, 2020

Cheri Beasley, Chief Justice of the North Carolina Supreme Court, toured several facilities in Cherokee on Monday, Jan. 13. Beasley, who is approaching her first full year as Chief Justice, said that she has been very happy to be in Cherokee. “The nation is really very important. Not just to the people in western North Carolina, but really to the people of North Carolina. The heritage of the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians is foundational

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to who we are as Americans and North Carolinians. And so, I think it's so important that all of us value all that you offer," said Beasley.

### [Rural Montana Had Already Lost Too Many Native Women. Then Selena Disappeared.](#)

New York Times – January 20, 2020

For decades, with little public notice, Native women have gone missing or been found murdered. The search for Selena Not Afraid showed how much things had changed.

### [Morongo tribe heading to 5th Circuit Court of Appeals to defend Indian Child Welfare Act](#)

Desert Sun – January 21, 2020

The Morongo Band of Mission Indians is one of five tribes heading to the 5th Circuit Court of Appeals in Louisiana this week to defend the law that keeps Native American children with Native American families in adoption cases.

A hearing for the high-profile Indian Child Welfare Act case *Brackeen v. Bernhardt* is set for Wednesday in New Orleans, where the first round of arguments took place last year. It will be an en banc session, meaning all active judges in the court will participate.

### [Cherokee Nation to be present at rehearing of Brackeen case](#)

Cherokee Phoenix – January 21, 2020

Though it has been litigated before, the Indian Child Welfare Act is again under legal challenge, and Cherokee Nation officials plan to show support for the federal law requiring preference for placing American Indian children with Native families in adoption and foster cases.

On Jan. 22, Principal Chief Hoskin Jr. and a CN delegation will join Morongo Chair Robert Martin, Oneida Chairman Tehassi Hill and Quinalt President Fawn Sharp inside the Fifth Circuit U.S. Court of Appeals in New Orleans to demonstrate unity on the constitutionality of the ICWA.

"The law has been very effective," Hoskin said. "It doesn't absolutely mandate that children subject to adoption that are citizens or could be citizens of an Indian Nation must be adopted by an Indian family, but it does create that preference. It creates a system in which the courts of this country have to respect the sovereignty of an Indian tribe by affording the tribe notice."

### [Native Americans protest against Department of Social Services](#) (Includes video)

KOTA - January 21, 2020

Dozens of protestors gathered on Cambell Street across from the Department of Social Services to express their frustration as they say there is a problem of taking Native American children from families and putting them into foster care. Native American protesters chanted and held signs reading "our children are not for sale" along Cambell Street Tuesday afternoon.

### [The Necessity of the Indian Child Welfare Act: A case now before the Fifth Circuit threatens to upend the laws that enable Native self-governance](#)

The Atlantic – January 22, 2020

Congress today has substantial and sweeping powers over Native nations and Native people, including the authority to abolish tribes and tribal reservations, and to expand or restrict tribal authority. These powers come from a series of Supreme Court decisions in the late 1800s and early 1900s that were based on racist views about American Indians—that Congress needed virtually unlimited authority over American Indian affairs because Natives were not equipped to govern themselves. The Court reasoned that Natives' "weakness and helplessness" gave the federal government "broad domain" over them; later cases pointed to Natives' "condition of tutelage or dependency." Those decisions gave Congress more power when it comes to Native affairs than it has when it comes to taxing or spending or regulating interstate commerce.

### [Court takes another look at Native American adoption law](#)

Associated Press - January 22, 2020

A 1978 law giving preference to Native American families in foster care and adoption proceedings involving American Indian children was getting a second look Wednesday from a federal appeals court in New Orleans. A three-judge panel of the 5th Circuit Court of Appeals in New Orleans upheld the Indian Child Welfare Act in August in a 2-1 ruling.

Also: [Morongo tribe heading to 5th Circuit Court of Appeals to defend Indian Child Welfare Act.](#)

Also: [National American Indian Organization Leaders to Attended Fifth Circuit Court's Brackeen v. Berhardt Rehearing.](#)

## [Indian Child Welfare Act is Leading the Way on Child Welfare Practice \(Commentary\)](#)

Chronicle of Social Change - January 22, 2020

Child welfare is a complicated and varied system. Most people, who have not worked in the field of child protection, foster care and adoption - the child welfare system - are not familiar with the many services and practices involved. But anyone can understand that, fundamentally, child welfare practice should be governed by the question: "What is in the best interest of this child?"

Also: [The Necessity of the Indian Child Welfare Act \(Commentary\)](#)

Also: [Goldwater Institute Clashes With Advocates Over The Indian Child Welfare Act \(Audio\)](#)

## [Indian-adoptions law again debated](#)

Associated Press - January 23, 2020

Federal appellate judges closely questioned attorneys for the government and Indian tribes Wednesday over whether a law meant to preserve American Indian families and culture unconstitutionally intrudes into state adoption issues. It was the second time in a year that the 5th U.S. Circuit Court of Appeals was considering the future of the 1978 Indian Child Welfare Act. A three-judge panel of the appellate court upheld the act in August in a 2-1 ruling.

Also: [Protect ICWA Campaign Demonstrates the Strong Support of Indian Child Welfare Act](#)

Also: [Nothing is easy about the Indian child welfare appeals case](#)

## [Movement to highlight missing Native women expands to males](#)

Associated Press - January 26, 2020

The woman's words are soft but capture a room at a government center on the Navajo Nation where people are gathered to talk not about women and girls who have gone missing or been killed, but men and boys. It's part of a growing effort to expand a movement focused on Native American women, who face some of the nation's highest rates of homicide, sexual violence and domestic abuse.

## [Oklahoma legislation seeks to prevent missing, murdered Native Americans](#)

The Oklahoman – January 26, 2020

A bipartisan group of state lawmakers has introduced several bills to improve the state's response when Native Americans go missing in Oklahoma.

Legislators are hoping to build on the actions of the federal government, which is taking greater steps to address the epidemic of missing and murdered indigenous women and girls.

Oklahoma reportedly has one of the highest rates of missing or murdered Native American women, but it can be hard to get a full picture of the problem because of a lack of comprehensive data.

## [North Dakota tribal, juvenile court services agreement offers 'more hope'](#)

Williston Herald – January 28, 2020

Two years ago, Judge Donovan Foughty raised a question at a North Dakota tribal relations conference.

"I said, I've been sitting on the bench for many, many years, and why is it an Indian child that has some criminal troubles, has some issues with delinquency — why is it they can't get the same level of services that I can get them through my juvenile court as opposed to the tribal court?" said the longtime state district court judge in Devils Lake.

Some state lawmakers and Gov. Doug Burgum were there and listening, he said. The 2019 Legislature, responding to a push by advocates, passed a bill allowing for tribal juvenile services cooperative agreements under a pilot program. A similar bill had failed in 2017, as some state representatives questioned costs and said such agreements could happen without the Legislature's approval.

## [Families conquering addiction through Yurok Family Wellness Court](#)

KRCR News 7 – January 28, 2020

A family is celebrating itself again, thanks to the Yurok Family Wellness Court.

But for Tamma Walker, mother of two, and her husband, it was not always that way after addiction tore them apart, and the court ordered their children to be taken away.

In Judge Joyce Heinrich's family court room, they are learning how to heal.

"They come down off the podium and come out in robes," said Walker about the judges. "They sit at the table with us and they talk to us like we're human."

The wellness court is a new project sponsored by the Yurok Tribal Council. Through family friendly sessions like this one, couples learn to tackle the addiction that tore them apart.

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**Title:** [Indian Nations Law Update – January 2020](#)

**Journal Name:** The National Law Review

**Abstract:** This month's issue features the summaries of twelve recent cases including authority of a state licenced peace officer employed by a tribe in Minnesota to make an arrest outside of the reservation.

**Title:** [Sex Trafficking in Indian Country: Advocacy Curriculum](#)

**Author:** [Tribal Law and Policy Center](#)

**Description:** [The Sex Trafficking in Indian Country: Advocacy Curriculum](#)

(Curriculum) is designed to introduce information on sex trafficking of Native people, covering topics such as the definition of sex trafficking, red flags, trafficker tactics, screening for sex trafficking, and advocacy roles and responsibilities. The Curriculum consists of three components:

[Participant Workbook](#), [PowerPoints](#), and [Instructor Guide](#). (2020)

**Title:** [Keeping Their Kids: Cultural Minorities and the Lives of Children](#) (Chapter 11 in Justice, Education And The Politics of Childhood: Challenges And Perspectives.)

**Author(s):** Nielsen, Josephine.

**Abstract:** In this chapter Josephine Nielsen argues that liberal multiculturalists should recognize a minority right to raise and keep children within particular cultural communities. She begins by expounding why children should be acknowledged within theories of multiculturalism, and political philosophy more generally. She argues that, if minority members value their culture, then they consequently have an interest in the continued existence of their cultural communities. Along these lines, she defends the position that in order for cultural communities to exist in the future, children, as potential community members should be brought up in the cultural and normative context of these communities. This is her argument for the secondary interest held by members of minority communities. She is convinced that if her arguments hold for the primary and secondary interests of minority members, a defeasible right to children being raised and kept within cultural communities can be justified. Nielsen concludes by considering three possible objections to her proposal.

**Title:** [Reclaiming Youth at Risk: Futures of Promise \(Reach Alienated Youth and Break the Conflict Cycle Using the Circle of Courage\)](#). 3rd Ed.

**Authors:** Brendtro, Larry K.; Brokenleg, Martin; Van Bockern, Steve

**Published:** 2019

**Available from:** Solution Tree Press

**Abstract:** This book offers a model of resilience and positive youth development to help educators and youth workers connect with and reclaim traumatized youth. It provides K-12 teachers and other youth practitioners with strategies for integrating Native American knowledge and modern behavioral research so they can build relationships, foster prosocial behaviors, and inspire young people to overcome and thrive. The book is grounded in the Circle of Courage model of resilience and positive youth development based on Native American values of Belonging, Mastery, Independence, and Generosity. Following an introduction, Chapter 1 explores important cultural and biosocial values that the Circle of Courage represents as well as some enduring truths about the necessary consilience of thought and ideas necessary to reclaim youth at risk. Chapter 2 fully introduces the Circle of Courage and the importance its values have in reclaiming traumatized youth. Chapter 3 explores the seeds of discouragement that place youth at risk when their Circle of Courage is broken. Chapters 4 through 7 each explore in detail one of the four core values of the Circle of Courage, how each can be broken, and the approaches that can be used to understand and mend it. The final chapter concludes by reflecting on the journey of reclaiming youth at risk through the lends of resilience, recovery, and healing. Numerous references.

**Title:** [The Opioid Crisis in Indian Country: The Impact of Tribal Jurisdiction and the Role of the Exhaustion Doctrine](#)

**Author:** Matt Irby

**Available from:** American Indian Law Review: 43 Am. Indian L. Rev. 353 (2019)

**Title:** [A Tribal Court's Response to the Prescription Drug and Opioid Crisis](#)

**Author:** Hon. Patrick M. Shannon

**Available from:** Michican Bar Journal, August 2019, pg. 34

## Announcements

# CALIFORNIA TRIBAL COURT-STATE COURT FORUM

## *Sex Trafficking in Indian Country: Advocacy Curriculum*

The [Tribal Law and Policy Institute](#) is pleased to offer the following publications addressing what victim advocates need to know concerning sex trafficking as it impacts Native people and Indian country.

### [The Sex Trafficking in Indian Country: Advocacy Curriculum](#)

(Curriculum) is designed to introduce information on sex trafficking of Native people, covering topics such as the definition of sex trafficking, red flags, trafficker tactics, screening for sex trafficking, and advocacy roles and responsibilities. The Curriculum consists of three components:

[Participant Workbook](#), [PowerPoints](#), and [Instructor Guide](#). (2020)

Bureau of Indian Affairs

Updated list of [Indian Entities Recognized and Eligible to Receive Services](#)

Published in the Federal Register 1/30/2020

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

Administration on Children, Youth and Families

Released [Information Memorandum ACYF-CB-IM-20-01](#) on January 22, 2020

Purpose: To inform state and tribal title IV-E agencies of the enactment of the *Family First Transition Act* and provide basic information on the new law.

Office of Victims of Crime

Tribal Set-Aside

February 2020 Consultation with Tribes

### [Registration Now Open](#)

Office of Victims of Crime invites tribal leaders, representatives, and stakeholders to participate in a government to government consultation to discuss tribal set-aside funding from the Crime Victims Fund and how it should be programmed.

The Tribal Consultation on Tribal Set-Aside Funding from the Crime Victims Fund will be held on Wednesday, February 12, 2020, at the Capital Hilton in Washington, D.C., in conjunction with the National Congress of American Indians (NCAI) 2020 Executive Council Winter Session. Interested parties unable to attend in-person will have an opportunity to join one of two phone consultations on Thursday, February 13, 2020.

More information and registration links at: [https://www.ovc.gov/news/tribal-set-aside.html?utm\\_campaign=solicitation\\_2020&utm\\_content=tribal\\_consultation\\_feb2020&utm\\_medium=email&utm\\_source=newsfromovc](https://www.ovc.gov/news/tribal-set-aside.html?utm_campaign=solicitation_2020&utm_content=tribal_consultation_feb2020&utm_medium=email&utm_source=newsfromovc)

The Tribal Justice Collaborative is moving to the Tribal Law and Policy Institute (TLPI) January 1, 2020. The collaboration will provide an opportunity to increase engagement with state and tribal courts to improve outcomes for Native communities. For all our partners there is no interruption in planning or collaboration. We are grateful to our partners and especially to Paternal Opportunities Programs & Services and Casey Family Programs San Diego Field Office for your leadership and collaboration. For more information about Tribal and Policy Institute visit [www.tlpi.org](http://www.tlpi.org).

The Tribal Justice Collaborative works with state courts, tribal courts, tribes, child welfare and all systems serving Native children and families in California. For more information please email [Tom@tlpi.org](mailto:Tom@tlpi.org).

Our partners at the HHS Office on Trafficking in Persons (OTIP) are pleased to announce the launch of the [SOAR for Native Communities online module](#) through the National Human Trafficking Training and Technical Assistance Center (<https://www.acf.hhs.gov/otip/training/nhttac>). This free training was developed in collaboration with:

- HHS Administration for Native Americans (ANA)
- National Council of Urban Indian Health (NCUIH)
- Jeri Moomaw, Innovations Human Trafficking Collaborative
- Gwendolyn Packard, National Indigenous Women's Resource Center
- Theresa Friend, Forensic Nurse Consultant, Indian Health Service
- Bonnie Clairmont, Tribal Law and Policy Institute
- Kandi Fowler, Project Beacon, American Indian Center of Chicago

Through a public health approach, the **SOAR for Native Communities** online module helps those serving indigenous populations to better understand human trafficking and its impact on Native communities. The training includes resources relevant to indigenous populations and supports professionals in building trauma-

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informed and culturally responsive interventions to human trafficking in American Indian, Alaska Native, Native Hawaiian, and Pacific Islander communities.

**SOAR Online** is a series of training modules that can be completed anytime, anywhere. Because individuals who have experienced trafficking or who are at risk of trafficking access a variety of services, **SOAR Online** includes training tailored for specific professionals on how to identify and respond to human trafficking. To access more information and register for **SOAR Online**, [please click here](#).

The HHS SOAR to Health and Wellness training is administered by OTIP in partnership with the HHS Office on Women's Health through the National Human Trafficking Training and Technical Assistance Center (NHTTAC). NHTTAC delivers training and technical assistance (T/TA) to inform and enhance the public health response to human trafficking. Contact NHTTAC by emailing [info@nhttac.org](mailto:info@nhttac.org) or calling 844-648-8822 to find out how you can request T/TA for your agency or conference.

## Online Resources

**Indian Health Service Has Strengthened Patient Protection Policies but Must Fully Integrate Them Into Practice and Organizational Culture.** *Office of Inspector General Report; OEI-06-19-00330* U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Inspector General. 2019 <https://oig.hhs.gov/oei/reports/oei-06-19-00330.asp> <https://oig.hhs.gov/oei/reports/oei-06-19-00330.pdf>

**Promoting Health Coverage of American Indian and Alaska Native Children.** *Future of Children's Health Coverage; 8* Roygardner, Lauren. Schneider, Andy. Steiger, Doug. Georgetown University Health Policy Institute, Center for Children and Families. 2019 <https://ccf.georgetown.edu/2019/09/17/promoting-health-coverage-of-american-indian-and-alaska-native-children/>

**Amber Alert In Indian Country [Webpage]. OJJDP** <https://amber-ic.org/>  
OJJDP has [launched](#) a refreshed [AMBER Alert website](#). The refreshed website now includes access to the [AMBER Alert in Indian Country website](#), a summary of the [AMBER Alert in Indian Country Initiative](#), and training and technical assistance resources. The website, managed by the Office of Justice Programs (OJP), provides resources to help regional and state-level AMBER Alert training and coordination efforts and links to resources that support the AMBER Alert program through national partners and OJJDP grantees. "This updated website gives our AMBER Alert partners more information, greater access to resources and a better chance to rescue endangered children," said OJP Principal Deputy Assistant Attorney General Katharine T. Sullivan and National Coordinator for the AMBER Alert Program.

## Newslinks

This is a service that the Judicial Council Public Affairs Office puts together every day. If you would like to receive this service, please visit this [webpage](#).

## Judicial Resources Network (JRN) and Center for Judicial Education and Research (CJER) Online

This website contains information relevant to all levels of judicial branch personnel and includes resources designed to meet education, facilities, financial, human resources, legal, special court projects, technology, and other informational needs. For more information, please contact the Judicial Council of California Tribal/State Programs Unit at 415-865-7739 or [cfcc@jud.ca.gov](mailto:cfcc@jud.ca.gov).

## California Dependency Online Guide (CaIDOG)

This website contains dependency-related case law, legal materials, articles and other resources relevant to California attorneys, judicial officers, social workers, tribal representatives, Court Appointed Special Advocates, and other child welfare professionals. Subscriptions are free and available to professionals working in the field of juvenile dependency. [Log in or subscribe here](#).

## Webinars & Podcasts

### [Child Welfare Information Gateway Podcast Series](#)

## CALIFORNIA TRIBAL COURT–STATE COURT FORUM

Audio podcasts support learning-on-the-go and allow us to hear the outcomes, experiences, and tips from innovators across the child welfare continuum. This podcast series, produced by Child Welfare Information Gateway on behalf of the Children's Bureau, presents a series of interviews and group conversations intended to provide beneficial information for busy child welfare and social work professionals. The podcasts cover a wide range of topics and provide perspectives from communities served by child welfare agencies and tips and stories from professionals about implementing new services and programs, working across agencies, and improving practice. Topic Areas: Foster Care: A Path to Reunification; Tribal Courts and Child Welfare Series; Housing's Critical Connection to Child Welfare Series; Family Group Decision-Making Series; Prevention - Services and Programs; Prevention – Protective Factors; Workforce Series; Child Welfare Then and Now; Diligent Recruitment Series; Collaborating between Child Welfare and Mental Health; Supporting Kinship Caregivers Series; Engaging Fathers Series; Washington, D.C., and the Local Child Welfare Professional Working With the Correctional System and Incarcerated Parents; Secondary Traumatic Stress; Interagency Collaboration to Address Human Trafficking and Engaging Youth in Foster Care.

### Upcoming Conferences and Trainings

#### [Community Workshop on Child Sex Trafficking in Tribal Communities](#)

National Criminal Justice Training Center – Fox Valley Technical College

Join first responders, community members, and child protection officials for this eight-hour workshop to combat trafficking and exploitation of minors. During this workshop, you will learn the dynamics of trafficking and participate in a focus group discussion on the efforts to identify, prevent, and respond to human trafficking, as well as the special considerations related to the abduction, trafficking, and exploitation of Native women and children. The workshop will conclude with a survivor's perspective to the community's response to protect our children.

Training available on request: [here](#)

#### [38th Annual Protecting Our Children National American Indian Conference on Child Abuse and Neglect](#)

**March 29–April 1, 2020**

**Denver, Colorado**

Each year, NICWA hosts the largest national gathering on American Indian and Alaska Native (AI/AN) child advocacy issues. With over 1,400 attendees—and growing every year—this four-day conference has become the premiere national event addressing tribal child welfare and well-being. Keynote speakers range from federal officials at the highest level of government to youth with lived experience in child welfare systems.

NICWA provides meaningful programming to conference attendees, creating a space where participants can learn about the latest developments and best practices from experts in the field and from one another.

Participants represent a cross-section of fields and interests including child welfare, mental health, and juvenile justice service providers; legal professionals; students; advocates for children; and tribal, state, and federal leaders.

Additional information available at [the NICWA website](#).

#### [2020 CalSWEC Title IV-E Summit](#)

**April 23 & 24, 2020**

**Hilton Oakland Airport Hotel**

**Oakland, CA**

This is an annual event that convenes child welfare social work practitioners, educators, and CalSWEC Title IV-E students. The Summit is intended to provide opportunities for a diverse group of child welfare stakeholders to network and learn from one another. Summit's theme — *Take it to the Top: Bridging the Disconnect between Policy and Practice in Child Welfare*.

View and download the [Save the Date](#) here. Email [calswec\\_events@berkeley.edu](mailto:calswec_events@berkeley.edu) if you have questions about event logistics. Email Rose Chahla, Title IV-E Assistant Director, at [rose.chahla@berkeley](mailto:rose.chahla@berkeley) if you have questions about the Summit content or eligibility.

#### [2020 Women Are Sacred Conference](#)

**June 23-25, 2019**

**Saint Paul, Minnesota**

The WAS Conference is one of the oldest and largest gatherings of advocates, survivors, tribal domestic and sexual violence programs, tribal community members, tribal leadership, law enforcement and tribal court personnel dedicated to ending violence against American Indian and Alaska Native women and children. WAS

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offers state of the art training opportunities designed to increase the capacity of tribal nations, tribal domestic violence and community-based programs to address violence in tribal communities. Conference presenters include emerging Indigenous leaders and experts in the movement to ending violence.

### [Recognition and Response to Child Sex Trafficking and Exploitation at Tribal Casinos](#)

**August 5, 2020**

**Mayetta, Kansas**

Tribal communities are increasingly seeing the rise in cases of trafficking and exploitation involving native and non-native youth in and around tribal operated casinos, hotels, and travel plazas. During the training, you will examine different types of human trafficking, the importance of recognizing domestic trafficking of tribal children, and identifying and reporting suspected cases. Learn the investigative challenges of trafficking cases, the victim interview, and victim placement. Through a facilitated discussion with other local public safety officials and stakeholders, you will identify available resources for victims to ensure an effective response.

Upon completion of this training, you will be able to:

- Recognize the warning signs of human trafficking
- Identify the investigative challenges with human trafficking cases
- Recommend local resources to victims

**Cost:** NO FEE **Deadline to Register:** July 1, 2020

**Who:** Can benefit from this training?

- Management security personnel and staff at tribal casinos/hotels/resorts.
- Tribal and local Law enforcement investigators
- Human Trafficking Task Force members
- Social Service providers
- Prosecutors, NPO/NGOs

**Registration:** Register for this training online [here](#).

## GRANT OPPORTUNITIES

### [Community Development Block Grant Program for Indian Tribes and Alaska Native Villages](#)

**Department of Housing and Urban Development**

**FR-6300-N-23**

**Deadline: February 3, 2020**

The purpose of the ICDBG program is the development of viable Indian and Alaska Native communities, including the creation of decent housing, suitable living environments, and economic opportunities primarily for persons with low and moderate incomes.

### [OVC FY 2020 Housing Assistance Grants for Victims of Human Trafficking](#)

**Department of Justice**

**Office for Victims of Crime**

**OVC-2020-17755**

**Deadline: February 3, 2020**

The program will support the following types of housing assistance for victims of all forms of human trafficking: (1) transitional housing, including funding for the operating expenses of a newly developed or existing transitional housing program; (2) short-term housing assistance, including rental or utilities payment assistance and assistance with related expenses. Projects must also include support services designed to enable victims of human trafficking and any dependents to locate and secure permanent housing and find employment. OVC will conduct a pre-application webinar on Thursday, December 19, 2019, from 2:00 p.m. to 3:00 p.m. e.t. Register at [www.ovc.gov/grants/webinars.html](http://www.ovc.gov/grants/webinars.html).

### [Grants for Expansion and Sustainability of the Comprehensive Community Mental Health Services for Children with Serious Emotional Disturbances](#)

**Department of Health and Human Services**

**Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration**

**SM-20-007**

**Deadline: February 3, 2020**

The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Center for Mental Health Services (CMHS), is accepting applications for fiscal year (FY) 2020 Grants for Expansion and Sustainability of the Comprehensive Community Mental Health Services for Children with Serious Emotional Disturbances (Short title: System of Care (SOC) Expansion and Sustainability Grants). The purpose of this program is

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to improve the mental health outcomes for children and youth, birth through age 21, with serious emotional disturbance (SED), and their families. This program will support the implementation, expansion, and integration of the SOC approach by creating sustainable infrastructure and services that are required as part of the Comprehensive Community Mental Health Services for Children and their Families Program (also known as the Children's Mental Health Initiative or CMHI).

### [Innovations to Foster Healthy Longevity in Low-Income Settings](#)

**Department of Health and Human Services**

**National Institutes of Health**

**RFA-AG-20-027**

**Deadline: February 3, 2020**

This Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA) invites applications for research and development to improve functioning and quality of life for the elderly, especially the disabled elderly, living in low- and middle-income countries (LMICs), or to improve functioning and quality of life for low-income, disabled, and isolated elderly living in high-income countries. Applications may address the needs of the elderly directly or indirectly by supporting family or other informal caregivers and service providers. Applications likely to have an impact on a large scale are encouraged.

### [Grants to Expand Substance Abuse Treatment Capacity in Adult and Family Treatment Drug Courts](#)

**Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)**

**Center for Substance Abuse Treatment (CSAT)**

**TI-20-003**

**Deadline: February 4, 2020**

The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA), Center for Substance Abuse Treatment (CSAT) is accepting applications for fiscal year (FY) 2020 Grants to Expand Substance Abuse Treatment Capacity in Adult Treatment Drug Courts (ATDC), Adult Tribal Healing to Wellness Courts or Family Treatment Drug Courts (FTDC). The purpose of this program is to expand substance use disorder (SUD) treatment services in existing drug courts. The program recognizes the need for treatment instead of incarceration for individuals with SUDs.

### [OVW FY 2020 Domestic Violence Mentor Court Technical Assistance Initiative Solicitation](#)

**Department of Justice**

**Office on Violence Against Women**

**OVW-2020-17793**

**Deadline: February 6, 2020**

Specialized courts can be an efficient structure for addressing domestic violence. As domestic violence courts continue to develop across the country, jurisdictions developing specialized courts routinely seek examples for best practices. Since FY 2013, OVW has been engaged in an effort to develop and disseminate best practices for domestic violence courts by funding mentor court sites.

The OVW Domestic Violence Mentor Court Technical Assistance Initiative (Mentor Court Initiative) creates a unique opportunity to recognize well-established specialized courts and enable them to guide novice or developing courts and court-based programs that wish to significantly improve their responses to domestic violence cases and ensure victim safety and offender accountability. These well-established courts successfully serve as national models and share their expertise by hosting site visits, linking courts with peers facing similar challenges, and assisting other domestic violence courts to implement best practices to respond effectively to these difficult cases.

### [OVW FY 2020 Enhanced Training and Services to End Abuse in Later Life Program](#)

**Department of Justice**

**Office on Violence Against Women**

**OVW-2020-17692**

**Deadline: February 6, 2020**

The Enhanced Training and Services to End Abuse in Later Life Program provides or enhances training and services to address elder abuse, neglect, and exploitation, including sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking, involving victims who are 50 years of age or older.

### [OVW Fiscal Year 2020 Transitional Housing Assistance Grants for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault and Stalking Solicitation](#)

**U.S. Department of Justice**

**Office on Violence Against Women (OVW)**

**OVW-2020-1767**

**Deadline: February 6, 2020**

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The Transitional Housing Assistance Grants for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault and Stalking (Transitional Housing Program) supports programs that provide 6-24 months of transitional housing with support services for victims who are homeless or in need of transitional housing as a result of a situation of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking; and for whom emergency shelter services or other crisis intervention services are unavailable or insufficient. For additional information about this program, see <https://www.justice.gov/ovw/grant-programs> and <http://muskie.usm.maine.edu/vawamei/thousingmain.htm>.

### Conservation Collaboration Grants or Agreements Fiscal Year

**Department of Agriculture**

**Natural Resources Conservation Service**

**USDA-NRCS-NHQ-CCG-20-GEN0010619**

**Deadline: February 7, 2020**

The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), an agency under the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), is announcing the potential availability of grants and agreements for the purpose of leveraging NRCS resources, addressing local natural resource issues, encouraging collaboration and developing state- and community-level conservation leadership for historically underserved agricultural producers. Proposals will be accepted for projects in any of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Caribbean Area (Puerto Rico and the U.S. Virgin Islands), and the Pacific Islands Area (Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands). A total of up to \$35 million is available for FY 2020 for projects as identified in Section A(2) of the Full Announcement in the Related Documents tab of this opportunity. Proposals must address outreach work in multiple states. Applicants with a current grant or agreement with NRCS that ends later than 06/30/2020 are not eligible to submit a proposal for the same purpose or community(s). Entities with grants or agreements that end prior to that date must have documented excellent progress on current deliverables, and show how additional funds will leverage, continue, and/or further expand that work if applying for the same purpose or community(s). Applicants must be a Native American tribal government (Federally recognized or non-Federally recognized), nonprofit having a 501(c)(3) status with the IRS (other than institutions of higher education), private institution of higher education, public and State-controlled institutions of higher education, or an individual. Any applicants requesting consideration as either a Historically Underserved (limited resource, beginning, or veteran farmer or rancher) individual, legal entity, or joint operation according to the definition in The Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018 must state as such in their proposal. Please see Section of the Full Announcement in the Related Documents tab of this opportunity for more information. Applicants who self-certifying as Historically Underserved may be requested to provide records to verify their claim. For more information

visit: [https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/national/people/outreach/slbfr/?cid=nrcsdev11\\_001040](https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/national/people/outreach/slbfr/?cid=nrcsdev11_001040)

### OVW FY 2020 Grants to Enhance Culturally Specific Services for Victims of Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking Program

**Department of Justice**

**Office on Violence Against Women**

**OVW-2020-17675**

**Deadline: February 12, 2020**

Grants to Enhance Culturally Specific Services for Victims of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking Program supports community-based organizations in providing culturally relevant services to victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking.

### OVW FY 2020 Grants to Tribal Governments to Exercise Special Domestic Violence Criminal Jurisdiction

**Department of Justice**

**Office on Violence Against Women**

**OVW-2020-17677**

**Deadline: February 12, 2020**

Through this grant program Indian tribes receive support to exercise special domestic violence criminal jurisdiction (SDVCJ) and technical assistance (TA) for planning and implementing changes in their criminal justice systems necessary to exercise the jurisdiction. The program encourages collaborations among tribal leadership, courts, prosecutors, attorneys, defense counsel, law enforcement, probation, victim service providers, and other partners to ensure that victims find safety and justice and that non-

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Indians who commit crimes of domestic violence, dating violence, and violations of protection orders in the Indian country of the participating tribe are held accountable.

### [OVW FY 2020 Grants for Outreach and Services to Underserved Populations](#)

**Department of Justice**

**Office on Violence Against Women**

**OVW-2020-17674**

**Deadline: February 12, 2020**

The program was authorized to develop and implement outreach strategies targeted at, and provide victim services to, adult and youth victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking in underserved populations. Grant funds are used to provide victims services to underserved populations; build the capacity of both mainstream organizations and organizations serving underserved populations to provide population specific victim services; and training and outreach activities targeted at agencies and organizations to better serve victims in underserved communities.

### [OVW Fiscal Year 2020 Sexual Assault Services Culturally Specific Program Solicitation](#)

**U.S. Department of Justice**

**Office on Violence Against Women (OVW)**

**OVW-2020-1765**

**Deadline: February 12, 2020**

The Sexual Assault Services Culturally Specific Program (SAS Culturally Specific Program) supports nonprofit organizations that focus primarily on culturally specific communities and have experience in the area of sexual assault or who partner with an organization having such expertise. The goal of the SAS Culturally Specific Program is to establish, maintain, and expand sustainable, culturally appropriate services that address the unique needs and challenges of victims of sexual assault from culturally specific communities. For additional information about this program, see <https://www.justice.gov/ovw/grant-programs> and <http://muskie.usm.maine.edu/vawamei/saspulturalmain.htm>.

### [OVW FY 2020 Tribal Sexual Assault Services Program](#)

**U.S. Department of Justice**

**Office on Violence Against Women (OVW)**

**OVW-2020-17678**

**Deadline: February 12, 2020**

The Tribal Sexual Assault Services Program (TSASP) supports projects to create, maintain, and expand sustainable sexual assault services provided by Tribes, tribal organizations, and nonprofit tribal organizations within Indian country and Alaska Native villages. TSASP supported projects provide intervention, advocacy, accompaniment (e.g., accompanying victims to court, medical facilities, or police departments), support services, and related assistance for adult, youth, and child victims of sexual assault, non-offending family and household members of victims, and those collaterally affected by the sexual assault. For additional information about this program, see <https://www.justice.gov/ovw/grant-programs> and <https://www.vawamei.org/grant-program/tribal-sasp-program/>.

### [NAGPRA CONSULTATION/DOCUMENTATION GRANTS FY2020](#)

**Department of the Interior**

**National Park Service**

**P20AS00025**

**Deadline: February 14, 2020**

Grant funds must be used for CONSULTATION and DOCUMENTATION projects under NAGPRA. Consultation projects support efforts related to compiling or revising a NAGPRA inventory and making or responding to requests for items in a NAGPRA summary. Documentation projects support determining the geographical origin, cultural affiliation, and other basic facts surrounding the acquisition of Native American cultural items. Consultation and documentation projects should lead to determining control, treatment, and disposition of NAGPRA cultural items.

### [Evaluating Practice-based Programs, Policies, and Practices from CDCs Rape Prevention and Education \(RPE\) Program: Expanding the Evidence to Prevent Sexual Violence](#)

**Department of Health and Human Services**

**Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - ERA**

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## **RFA-CE-20-001**

**Deadline: February 20, 2020**

This NOFO seeks proposals to rigorously evaluate the effectiveness of primary prevention programs, policies, or practices implemented by CDC-funded Rape Prevention and Education (RPE) programs to prevent sexual violence. Research funded under this announcement is intended to expand the evidence base for sexual violence prevention in one or more of the following strategy areas identified in the STOP SV technical package: Promote Social Norms that Protect Against Violence, Provide Opportunities to Empower and Support Girls and Women, and Create Protective Environments.

## **[The Tribal Youth Diversion Grant](#)**

**Board of State and Community Corrections**

**Deadline: February 21, 2020**

TYD grants support Indian tribes in the implementation of diversion programs for Indian children using trauma informed, community-based, and health-based interventions. Funding priority must be given to diversion programs that address the needs of Indian children who experience high rates of juvenile arrests, high rates of suicide, high rates of alcohol and substance abuse, and average high school graduation rates that are lower than 75 percent.

## **[Tribal Research Center on Early Childhood Development and Systems](#)**

**Department of Health and Human Services**

**Administration for Children and Families – OPRE**

**HHS-2020-ACF-OPRE-PH-1810**

**Deadline: February 24, 2020**

The Administration for Children and Families (ACF), Office of Planning, Research, and Evaluation (OPRE) may solicit applications for a cooperative agreement to support a Tribal Research Center on Early Childhood Development and Systems (The Center) that will provide leadership and collaboration to promote excellence in community-based participatory research and evaluation of ACF early childhood initiatives that serve tribal communities. Settings to be considered include home visiting programs, early care and education center-based programs, home-based and family child care providers, and Head Start and Early Head Start programs. The Center is expected to: (1) conduct research to identify needs and/or develop effective practices and integrated systems for ACF early childhood initiatives in tribal communities; (2) identify, validate, and/or develop measures of culturally meaningful inputs, implementation processes, and proximal and distal outcomes of those programs; (3) establish peer-learning communities for tribal research on areas of shared priority; (4) provide training and professional development to facilitate interest and competencies in research relevant to early childhood initiatives in tribal communities; and (5) provide forums to increase cultural competence and sensitivity to tribal voices in research and evaluation.

## **[U.S. Department of Justice Coordinated Tribal Assistance Solicitation](#)**

**Department of Justice**

**DOJ-2020-6396**

**Deadline: February 25, 2020**

This solicitation provides federally recognized tribes and tribal consortia an opportunity to apply for funding to aid in developing a comprehensive and coordinated approach to public safety and victimization. The majority of DOJ's existing Tribal Government-specific programs are included in and available through this single Coordinated Tribal Assistance Solicitation. Each purpose area may have different eligibility requirements. For more information, please review the eligibility information under each purpose area section. 1) Federally recognized Indian tribes. 2) Consortia consisting of two or more federally recognized Indian tribes. 3) Tribal designees are eligible applicants only for certain activities related to the DOJ's Office on Violence Against Women (OVW) and Office for Victims of Crime (OVC) programs (see eligibility information for CTAS Purpose Areas 5 and 6, respectively).

## **[OVW Fiscal Year 2020 Grants to Tribal Governments to Exercise Special Domestic Violence Criminal Jurisdiction Solicitation](#)**

**U.S. Department of Justice**

**Office on Violence Against Women (OVW)**

**OMB Number - 1122-0020**

**Deadline: February 26, 2020**

Through this grant program, Indian tribes receive support to exercise special domestic violence criminal jurisdiction (SDVCJ) and technical assistance (TA) for planning and implementing changes in their

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criminal justice systems necessary to exercise the jurisdiction. The program encourages collaborations among tribal leadership, courts, prosecutors, attorneys, defense counsel, law enforcement, probation, victim service providers, and other partners to ensure that victims find safety and justice and that non-Indians who commit crimes of domestic violence, dating violence, and violations of protection orders in the Indian country of the participating tribe are held accountable

### [FY 2019 STOP School Violence Grant Program](#)

**Bureau of Justice Assistance**

**U.S. Department of Justice**

**Deadline: March 3, 2020**

The FY 2019 Student, Teachers, and Officers Preventing (STOP) School Violence Grant Program is designed to improve school security by providing students and teachers with the tools they need to recognize, respond quickly to, and help prevent acts of violence. The program's objective is to increase school safety by implementing training and school threat assessments and/or intervention teams to identify school violence risks among students; technological solutions such as anonymous reporting technology that can be implemented as a mobile phone-based app, a hotline, or a website in the applicant's geographic area to enable students, teachers, faculty, and community members to anonymously identify threats of school violence; or other school safety strategies that assist in preventing violence.

### [Minority Serving Institutions Partnership Program](#)

**Department of Energy**

**DE-FOA-0002144**

**Deadline: March 4, 2020**

The Minority Serving Institutions Partnership Program (MSIPP) is a vital program within the DOE/NNSA Management and Budget, Learning and Career Management which awards grants to Minority Serving Institutions (MSI) to prepare NNSA's next-generation technical workforce. MSIPP aligns investments in university capacity and workforce development with DOE/NNSA mission areas to develop the needed skills and talent for DOE/NNSA's enduring technical workforce and to enhance research and education at MSIs. The program's primary mission is to create and foster a sustainable STEM-pipeline that prepares a diverse workforce of world class talent through strategic partnerships between Minority Serving Institutions and the DOE/NNSA Enterprise. To execute this mission, MSIPP builds a network of NSE ready students through enrichment activities from K-20 to post-doctoral level. Through university-lab consortia partnerships students are exposed to cutting-edge research and activities in their relevant fields.

### [Indian Highway Safety Lifesavers Conference Grant](#)

**Department of the Interior**

**Bureau of Indian Affairs**

**BIA-IHSP-2020-0001**

**Deadline: March 6, 2020**

The Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), Office of Justice Services (OJS), Indian Highway Safety Program (IHSP) solicits proposals for implementing traffic safety programs and projects which are designated to reduce the number of traffic crashes, deaths, injuries and property damage within these populations. Indian Highway Safety Grants are reimbursable grants available to federally recognized Native American Tribes. Eligible Applicants are Native American tribal governments (Federally recognized).

### [Planning and Developing Infrastructure to Promote the Mental Health of Children, Youth and Families in American Indian/Alaska Natives \(AI/AN\) Communities](#)

**Department of Health and Human Services**

**Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Adminis**

**SM-20-010**

**Deadline: March 9, 2020**

The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Center for Mental Health Services (CMHS), is accepting applications for fiscal year (FY) 2020 Planning and Developing Infrastructure to Promote the Mental Health of Children, Youth and Families in American Indian/Alaska Natives (AI/AN) Communities (Short Title: Circles of Care) grants. The purpose of this program is to provide tribal and urban Indian communities with tools and resources to plan and design a holistic, evidence and community-based, coordinated system of care to support mental health for children, youth, and families. These grants are intended to increase the capacity and effectiveness of mental health systems serving

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AI/AN communities. Circles of Care grant recipients will focus on the need to reduce the gap between the need for mental health services and the availability of such services for the target population. The program has a strong emphasis on cross-system collaboration, inclusion of family, youth and community resources, and cultural approaches.

### [FY20 COPS Hiring Program \(CHP\)](#)

**U.S. Department of Justice**

**Office of Community Oriented Policing Services**

**Deadline: March 11, 2020**

CHP provides funding to hire and re-hire entry level career law enforcement officers in order to preserve jobs, increase community policing capacities and support crime prevention efforts.

Funding under this program may be used to do the following:

- Hire new officers
- Rehire officers (laid off as a result of budget reductions)
- Rehire officers (at the time of application, currently scheduled to be laid off as a result of budget reductions)

### [Community Policing Development \(CPD\) Microgrants Program](#)

**U.S. Department of Justice**

**Office of Community Oriented Policing Services**

**Deadline: March 11, 2020**

The 2020 Community Policing Development Microgrants Program is a competitive grant program designed to advance the practice of community policing by providing funding to local, state, and tribal law enforcement agencies. Applicants are invited to propose demonstration or pilot projects to be implemented in their agency that offer creative ideas to advance crime fighting, community engagement, problem solving, or organizational changes to support community policing in one of the following ten areas:

1. Hate Crimes
2. Human Trafficking
3. Meeting Rural Law Enforcement Challenges
4. Officer Safety and Wellness
5. Recruitment, Hiring, and Retention
6. School Safety
7. Staffing and Allocation Studies
8. Victim-Centered Approaches
9. Violent Crime
10. Youth Engagement

### [FY 2020 Tribal Heritage Grant Program](#)

**Department of the Interior**

**National Park Service**

**P20AS00027**

**Deadline: March 11, 2020**

The Tribal Heritage Grant awards are funded by the Historic Preservation Fund (HPF), and administered by the NPS. This competitive grant program provides grants to assist Indian Tribes, Alaskan Natives, and Native Hawaiian Organizations. Non-federal matching share is not required, but preference will be given to applications that show community commitment through non-federal match and partnership collaboration. Grants will fund a broad range of planning, development, and research projects for cultural resources including: survey, inventory, oral histories, interpretation, education, architectural services, historic structure reports, preservation plans, and bricks and mortar repair.

### [Grants to Support New Investigators in Conducting Research Related to Preventing Interpersonal Violence Impacting Children and Youth](#)

**Department of Health and Human Services**

**Centers for Disease Control and Prevention – ERA**

**RFA-CE-20-002**

**Deadline: March 13, 2020**

This NCIPC Mentored Research Scientist Development Award (K01) seeks to provide support for an intensive, supervised (mentored) career development experience in violence prevention research leading to research independence. Applicants must identify an experienced mentor and, co-mentor(s) as

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applicable to supervise the proposed career development and research experience. Applicants must have a qualifying (relevant to the field of study) research or health- professional doctoral or medical degree (specifically PhD, ScD, DO, DrPH, MD, DVMD) and less than five years of experience as a researcher in the injury and/or violence prevention field. Applicants must propose violence prevention research to 1) assess the effectiveness of an intervention to prevent one or more forms of violence impacting children and youth ages 0-17 years (i.e., child abuse and neglect, youth violence, teen dating violence, or sexual violence) or to prevent intimate partner violence, sexual violence, or self-directed violence; 2) assess violence outcomes (e.g., victimization or perpetration) or key risk or protective factors;

### [OJJDP FY 2020 Juvenile Justice Emergency Planning Demonstration Program](#)

**U.S. Department of Justice  
Office of Justice Programs  
Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention  
CFDA 16.823**

**Deadline: March 16, 2020**

This program provides funds for juvenile justice facilities to respond to and recover from emergencies. Funds may be used to restore essential services and operations.

For the purposes of this solicitation, emergency is defined as an incident—natural, technological, or manmade—that requires a response to protect life, property, or the environment.

In general, funds may be used to cover costs associated with ensuring that the facility is prepared to maintain efficient continuation of operations to reduce risk to the facility, and to ensure the safety and well-being of youth and staff in juvenile justice residential facilities.

### [Standing Announcement for Tribal Title IV-E Plan Development Grants](#)

**Department of Health and Human Services  
Administration for Children and Families - ACYF/CB  
HHS-2019-ACF-ACYF-CS-1561**

**Deadline: March 17, 2020**

The purpose of this funding opportunity announcement (FOA) is to solicit proposals for one-time grants to tribes, tribal organizations, or tribal consortia that are seeking to develop and, within 24 months of grant receipt, submit to the Department of Health and Human Services a plan to implement a title IV-E foster care, adoption assistance, and, at tribal option, guardianship assistance program. Grant funds under this FOA may be used for the cost of developing a title IV-E plan under section 471 of the Social Security Act (the Act) to carry out a program under section 479B of the Act. The grant may be used for costs relating to the development of case planning and case review systems, foster care licensing and standards for tribal foster homes and child care facilities, quality assurance systems, court structure and procedures, data collection systems, cost allocation methodology development, financial controls and financial management processes, or any other costs attribute able to meeting any other requirement necessary for approval of a title IV-E plan.

### [Family Violence Prevention and Services Discretionary Grants: Specialized Services for Abused Parents and Their Children \(Demonstration Projects\)](#)

**Department of Health and Human Services  
Administration for Children & Families - ACYF/FYSB  
HHS-2020-ACF-ACYF-EV-1812**

**Deadline: March 20, 2020**

The Family Violence Prevention and Services Discretionary Grants: Specialized Services for Abused Parents and Their Children (Demonstration Projects) will support up to 24 demonstration projects. Funded demonstration projects will focus on expanding their capacity (as family violence, domestic violence, and dating violence coalitions; local programs; tribal communities; and community-based programs) to prevent future domestic violence by addressing, in an appropriate manner, the needs of children exposed to family violence, domestic violence, or dating violence. All grantees will provide trauma-informed, developmentally appropriate and age-appropriate services, and culturally relevant and linguistically accessible services, to the victims and children relevant to the unique needs of children exposed to family violence, domestic violence, or dating violence, and potentially with co-occurring impacts of child abuse and neglect. All grantees will provide services for nonabusing parents to support those parents' roles as caregivers and their roles in responding to the social, emotional, and developmental needs of their children; and where appropriate, grantees will provide services while working with a nonabusing parent and child together.

## [National Communication System for Runaway and Homeless Youth](#)

**Department of Health and Human Services  
Administration for Children & Families - ACYF/FYSB  
HHS-2020-ACF-ACYF-CY-1809**

**Deadline: March 22, 2020**

The Administration for Children and Families (ACF), Administration on Children, Youth and Families (ACYF), Family and Youth Services Bureau (FYSB) will award one cooperative agreement on a competitive basis for a period of three years to operate the Runaway and Homeless Youth National Communication System (NCS) Program. The NCS Program is a dedicated toll-free, U.S. national communication system that provides information, referral services, crisis intervention, prevention approaches, and communication services to vulnerable, at-risk, and runaway and homeless youth and their families or legal guardians. The purpose of the NCS is to a) prevent youth from running away and becoming homeless, and b) link youth with a family member or guardian, and/or an available resource that can provide and/or assist the youth in acquiring needed services. To fulfill the objectives of the legislation, the NCS must provide, among other services, a neutral and confidential channel of communication that is available on a 24-hours per day, seven days per week basis throughout the United States so that youth contemplating running away and runaway and homeless youth may re-establish contact with their parents or legal guardians if possible. The NCS Program is also expected to work closely and collaboratively with FYSB to fulfill its mission as the federally funded communication system for runaway and homeless youth. A full description of services that will be required of the NCS grantee will be provided in the published announcement.

## [Emotional Well-Being: High-Priority Research Networks](#)

**Department of Health and Human Services  
National Institutes of Health**

**RFA-AT-20-003**

**Deadline: March 22, 2020**

This Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA) invites applications that focus on developing resources by refining and testing key concepts that will advance and further support the study of emotional well-being in the field at large. This infrastructure support will facilitate research networks through meetings, conferences, small-scale pilot research, multidisciplinary cross training (such as intensive workshops, summer institutes, or visiting scholar programs), and information dissemination to foster the growth and development of research in the following priority areas: (1) Ontology and measurement of emotional well-being; (2) Mechanistic research on the role of emotional well-being in health; (3) Biomarkers of emotional well-being; (4) Prevention research (mechanisms-focused intervention development in target populations); (5) Technology and outcome measure development for mechanistic studies; (6) Development and validation of well-being measures.

## [SMART FY 2020 Support for Adam Walsh Act Implementation Grant Program](#)

**U.S. Department of Justice  
Office of Justice Programs  
Office of Sex Offender Sentencing, Monitoring, Apprehending, Registering, and Tracking  
SMART-2020-17430**

**Deadline: March 24, 2020**

The Office of Sex Offender Sentencing, Monitoring, Apprehending, Registering, and Tracking (SMART) Support for Adam Walsh Act (AWA) Implementation Grant Program assists jurisdictions with developing and enhancing programs designed to implement the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (SORNA). SORNA (34 U.S.C. § 20901 et seq.) was enacted to provide a comprehensive set of minimum standards for sex offender registration and notification in the United States. The AWA Implementation Grant Program assists jurisdictions with developing and/or enhancing programs designed to implement SORNA requirements.

## [OVW Fiscal Year 2020 Research and Evaluation Initiative Solicitation](#)

**U.S. Department of Justice  
Office on Violence Against Women (OVW)  
CFDA 16.026**

**Deadline: March 25, 2020**

The purpose of the Research and Evaluation (R&E) Initiative is to research and evaluate approaches to combatting domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking (hereafter referred to as

“VAWA crimes”). By generating more knowledge about strategies for serving victims and holding offenders accountable, communities that benefit from VAWA funding will be better equipped to align their work with practices that are known to be effective, and they will be more capable of generating empirical knowledge on the efficacy of new and promising ways of doing things. The initiative is designed to support researcher-practitioner partnerships and a broad range of research and evaluation methods, including qualitative, mixed-method, and quasi-experimental, and experimental designs.

### [NAGPRA REPATRIATION GRANTS FY2020](#)

**Department of the Interior  
National Park Service  
P20AS00024**

**Deadline: April 10, 2020**

Grant funds must be used for REPATRIATION under NAGPRA, which means the transfer of control of Native American human remains and/or cultural items to lineal descendants, Indian tribes, and Native Hawaiian organizations. Repatriation includes disposition of culturally unidentifiable Native American human remains (CUI) according to 43 CFR § 10.11. Repatriation projects defray costs associated with the packaging, transportation, contamination removal, reburial, and/or storage of NAGPRA-related human remains and/or cultural items.

### [Research and Evaluation of Trafficking in Persons, Fiscal Year 2020](#)

**Department of Justice  
National Institute of Justice  
NIJ-2020-17324**

**Deadline: April 20, 2020**

With this solicitation, NIJ continues to build upon its research and evaluation efforts to better understand, prevent, and respond to trafficking in persons in the United States. Applicants should propose research projects that first and foremost have clear implications for criminal justice policy and practice in the United States. This year, NIJ is particularly interested in research responding to the following priority areas: 1. Labor trafficking research. 2. Demand reduction research. 3. Research to identify the health and wellness effects of trafficking victimization. 4. Profiling recruitment Tactics.

### [Family Violence Prevention and Services Discretionary Grant Program/National Domestic Violence Hotline](#)

**Department of Health and Human Services  
Administration for Children & Families - ACYF/FYSB  
HHS-2020-ACF-ACYF-EV-1820**

**Deadline: April 22, 2020**

The national domestic violence hotline (hotline) serves as a critical partner in the intervention, prevention and resource assistance efforts of family violence, domestic violence and dating violence service providers.

### [Basic Center Program](#)

**Department of Health and Human Services  
Administration for Children & Families - ACYF/FYSB  
HHS-2020-ACF-ACYF-CY-1800**

**Deadline: April 29, 2020**

The Runaway and Homeless Youth Program’s Basic Center Program (BCP) provides temporary shelter and counseling services to youth who have left home without permission of their parents or guardians, have been forced to leave home, or other homeless youth who might otherwise end up in the law enforcement or in the child welfare, mental health, or juvenile justice systems. BCPs work to establish or strengthen community-based programs that meet the immediate needs of runaway and homeless youth and their families. BCPs provide youth under 18 years of age with emergency shelter, food, clothing, counseling and referrals for health care. BCPs can provide up to 21 days of shelter for youth and seeks to reunite young people with their families, whenever possible, or to locate appropriate alternative placements. Additional services may include: street-based services; home-based services for families with youth at risk of separation from the family; drug abuse education and prevention services; and at the request of runaway and homeless youth, testing for sexually transmitted diseases.

### [National Human Trafficking Hotline](#)

**Department of Health and Human Services  
Administration for Children and Families-IOAS-OTIP  
HHS-2020-ACF-IOAS-OTIP-TV-1807  
Deadline: April 29, 2020**

The Office on Trafficking in Persons (OTIP) within the Administration for Children and Families is announcing funds for the National Human Trafficking Hotline (NHTH). The goal of the NHTH is to maintain and support the operation of the current NHTH, which includes telephone (1-800-373-7888), text, chat, and website capabilities that provide coverage in the United States (U.S.) and U.S. territories. The NHTH is a dedicated, toll-free hotline, and is operational 24 hours a day, seven days a week, every day of the year, and is staffed by trained experienced human trafficking advocates that provide services and assistance to victims of severe forms of human trafficking as defined by the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000. Under the NHTH, the following activities are required: 1. Operate the NHTH, a 24/7 U.S. national telephone and online communication hotline system; 2. Increase the identification and protection of victims of severe forms of human trafficking; 3. Provide information and service referrals to victims of trafficking using a trauma-informed, victim-centered approach, and in a timely manner; and 4. Notify law enforcement agencies of potential cases of human trafficking as well as instances when a trafficking victim is in imminent danger, and document emerging trafficking schemes to assist in the detection and investigation of trafficking cases. The NHTH must provide assistance to both foreign and domestic victims of trafficking to include multi-lingual services, crisis intervention, information, and referrals to anti-trafficking and/or direct victim services programs, temporary lodging/housing resources, and access to other emergency assistance. The NHTH must work cooperatively with law enforcement and other key stakeholders to support appropriate notification and interventions on behalf of potential victims in distress. The NHTH must have the capacity to receive and process requests in multiple formats, i.e., text, chat, email, and telephonically. The NHTH must take reasonable measures to safeguard protected personally identifiable information in compliance with 45 CFR §75.303(e).

**[Street Outreach Program](#)**

**Department of Health and Human Services  
Administration for Children & Families - ACYF/FYSB  
HHS-2020-ACF-ACYF-YO-1799  
Deadline: April 29, 2020**

The Runaway and Homeless Youth (RHY) Program's Street Outreach Program (SOP) provides street-based services to runaway, homeless, and street youth who have been subjected to or are at risk of being subjected to sexual abuse, prostitution, sexual exploitation, and severe forms of human trafficking in persons. These services, targeted in areas where street youth congregate, are designed to assist such youth in making healthy choices and providing them access to shelter as well as basic needs, including food, hygiene packages and information on a range of available services.

**[Ethnic Community Self Help Program](#)**

**Department of Health and Human Services  
Administration for Children and Families - ORR  
HHS-2020-ACF-ORR-RE-1806  
Deadline: May 1, 2020**

The Administration for Children and Families, Office of Refugee Resettlement announces funding under the Ethnic Community Self-Help (ECSH) Program. The goal of this program is to support Ethnic Community-Based Organizations (ECBOs) in providing refugee populations with critical services to assist them in becoming integrated members of American society. Under the ECSH Program, the following three main objectives must be implemented: 1) to strengthen ECBOs' provision of culturally and linguistically appropriate services to refugees within five years after their initial resettlement; 2) to support ECBOs' organizational development and engagement in capacity building by encouraging their collaboration with established refugee service providers and mainstream organizations; and 3) to support ECBOs in promoting community building and civic participation by refugee individuals and refugee community members.

**[Native American Library Services Enhancement Grant](#)**

**Institute of Museum and Library Services  
NAG-ENHANCEMENT-FY20  
Deadline: May 1, 2020**

## CALIFORNIA TRIBAL COURT-STATE COURT FORUM

Native American Enhancement grants are competitive grants available to carry out activities, described in 20 U.S.C. 9141, that advance the programs and services of eligible Native American libraries. Eligible Applicants are Native American tribal governments (Federally recognized).

### [Demonstration Grants to Strengthen the Response to Victims of Human Trafficking in Native Communities \(VHT-NC\) Program](#)

**Department of Health and Human Services**  
**Administration for Children and Families-IOAS-OTIP**  
**HHS-2020-ACF-IOAS-OTIP-TV-1805**  
**Deadline: May 22, 2020**

The Office on Trafficking in Persons (OTIP) within the Administration for Children and Families is announcing funds for the Demonstration Grants to Strengthen the Response to Victims of Human Trafficking in Native Communities (VHT-NC) Program. The goal of the VHT-NC Program is to fund organizations that will build, expand, and sustain organizational and community capacity to deliver services to Native (i.e., American Indians, Alaska Natives, Native Hawaiians, and/or Pacific Islanders) victims of severe forms of human trafficking as defined by the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 through the provision of direct services, assistance, and referrals. Through the VHT-NC Program, OTIP is encouraging a focus on individuals affected by the Missing and Murdered Indigenous Women and Girls epidemic. Under VHT-NC the following activities are required: 1) outreach efforts to increase identification of Native victims of sex and labor trafficking; 2) training to service providers and community partners that serve Native victims of trafficking in their respective urban, rural, and/or tribal settings; and 3) provision of comprehensive culturally and linguistically responsive case management to Native victims of trafficking and their immediate family members within their household. The VHT-NC Program is informed by a whole-family approach that focuses equally and intentionally on services and opportunities for victims and their immediate family members living within their households. OTIP is encouraging the establishment of community partnerships, meaningful engagement of Native survivors of trafficking, and the hiring of qualified professionals that reflect the communities being served in all project implementation strategies under the VHT-NC Program. Under VHT-NC there is a 12-month project implementation period to facilitate the development of a sustainability plan, onboarding new staff, and developing culturally and linguistically responsive victim service protocols specific to Native victims of trafficking. Under the VHT-NC Program there is a statutorily mandated 25% match (cash or in-kind) requirement.

### [Domestic Victims of Human Trafficking Services and Outreach \(DVHT-SO\) Program](#)

**Department of Health and Human Services**  
**Administration for Children and Families-IOAS-OTIP**  
**HHS-2020-ACF-IOAS-OTIP-TV-1804**  
**Deadline: May 27, 2020**

The Office on Trafficking in Persons (OTIP) within the Administration for Children and Families is announcing funds for the Domestic Victims of Human Trafficking Services and Outreach (DVHT-SO) Program. The goal of the DVHT-SO Program is to fund organizations that will build, expand, and sustain organizational and local capacity to deliver services to domestic victims of severe forms of human trafficking as defined by the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 through the provision of direct services, assistance, and referrals. Under the DVHT-SO Program, the following activities are required: 1) outreach efforts to increase identification of victims of sex and labor trafficking; 2) training to service providers and community partners; and 3) provision of comprehensive case management to domestic victims of human trafficking and their immediate family members. The DVHT-SO Program is informed by a whole-family approach that focuses equally and intentionally on services and opportunities for victims and their immediate family members living within their households. OTIP is encouraging the establishment of community partnerships, meaningful engagement of survivors, and the hiring of qualified professionals that reflect the communities being served in all project implementation strategies under the DVHT-SO Program. Under DVHT-SO there is a 12-month project implementation period to facilitate the development of a sustainability plan, onboarding new staff, and developing victim service protocols. Under the DVHT-SO Program, there is a statutorily mandated 25% match (cash or in-kind) requirement.

### [Quality Improvement Center on Family-Centered Reunification](#)

**Department of Health and Human Services**  
**Administration for Children and Families - ACYF/CB**  
**HHS-2020-ACF-ACYF-CZ-1839**  
**Deadline: May 29, 2020**

## CALIFORNIA TRIBAL COURT-STATE COURT FORUM

The purpose of this funding opportunity announcement (FOA) is to establish, by awarding a cooperative agreement, one Quality Improvement Center (QIC) to develop a model program to assess and address the array of individual and collective needs of birth families to support timely, stable, and lasting family reunification and family well-being.

### [Grants for Coordination of Tribal Temporary Assistance for Needy Families \(TANF\) and Child Welfare Services to Tribal Families at Risk of Child Abuse or Neglect](#)

**Department of Health and Human Services**  
**Administration for Children and Families – OFA**  
**HHS-2020-ACF-OFA-FN-1830**  
**Deadline: May 31, 2020**

The Administration for Children and Families, Office of Family Assistance announces the availability of funds under the Grants for Coordination of Tribal Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) and Child Welfare Services to Tribal Families at Risk of Child Abuse or Neglect. The purpose of these grants, as prescribed by the statute (section 403(a)(2) of the Social Security Act, as amended), is "to fund demonstration projects designed to test the effectiveness of tribal governments or tribal consortia in coordinating the provision to tribal families at risk of child abuse and neglect of child welfare services and services under tribal programs funded under this part."

### [National Child Welfare Capacity Building Center for Courts](#)

**Department of Health and Human Services**  
**Administration for Children and Families - ACYF/CB**  
**HHS-2020-ACF-ACYF-CZ-1840**  
**Deadline: June 5, 2020**

The purpose of this funding opportunity announcement (FOA) is to create, through cooperative agreement, a National Child Welfare Capacity Building Center for Courts (Center). The Center will serve as the focal point for national child welfare expertise, evidence-informed training and technical assistance services, and workforce development support for State Court Improvement Programs (CIP), Tribal Court Improvement Programs (TCIP), courts, child welfare attorneys, and the Children's Bureau's State and Tribal Indian Child Welfare Act (ICWA) Implementation Partnership Grantees. These services and supports are designed to build the capacity of state and tribal courts, CIPs, TCIPs and child welfare judges and attorneys to meet federal requirements, to participate in federal monitoring and related state and tribal child welfare program improvement planning activities, to implement national child welfare policies and programs, to improve practice and service delivery, and to achieve prevention, safety, permanency, and well-being outcomes for children, youth, and families. The project period will be a 48-month project period with four 12-month budget periods.

### [Disaster Assistance for State Units on Aging \(SUAs\) and Tribal Organizations in Major Disasters Declared by the President](#)

**Department of Health and Human Services**  
**Administration for Community Living**  
**HHS-2020-ACL-AOA-DASG-0364**  
**Deadline: September 7, 2020**

Grants awarded under this announcement are to provide disaster reimbursement and assistance funds to those State Units on Aging (SUAs), and federally recognized Tribal Organizations who are currently receiving a grant under Title VI of the Older Americans Act (OAA), as amended. These funds only become available when the President of the United States declares a Major Disaster and may only be used in those areas designated in the Major Disaster Declaration issued by the President of the United States under the Robert T. Stafford Relief and Emergency Assistance Act.

### [Publishing Historical Records in Documentary Editions](#)

**National Archives and Records Administration**  
**EDITIONS-202010**  
**Deadline: October 8, 2020**

The National Historical Publications and Records Commission seeks proposals to publish documentary editions of historical records. Projects may focus on broad historical movements in U.S. history, such as law (including the social and cultural history of the law), politics, social reform, business, military, the arts, and other aspects of the national experience, or may be centered on the papers of major figures from American history.

## [FY 2019 EDA Disaster Supplemental](#)

**Department of Commerce**

**Economic Development Administration**

**EDA-2019-DISASTER**

**Deadline: None**

EDA announces general policies and application procedures for the Disaster Supplemental NOFO. Subject to the availability of funds, this investment assistance will help communities and regions devise and implement long-term economic recovery strategies through a variety of non-construction and construction projects, as appropriate, to address economic challenges in areas where a Presidential declaration of a major disaster was issued under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. § 5121 et seq.) (Stafford Act) "as a result of Hurricanes Florence, Michael, and Lane, Typhoons Yutu and Mangkhut, and of wildfires, volcanic eruptions, earthquakes and other natural disasters occurring in calendar year 2018, and tornadoes and floods occurring in calendar year 2019...". To be competitive, applications must clearly incorporate principles for enhancing the resilience (as defined under Section A.4, below) of the relevant community/region or demonstrate the integration of resilience principles into the investment project itself. Resilience is an essential component of any strategy for mitigating the potential for future disaster-related losses and adverse economic impacts for communities. Therefore, inclusion of resilience principles in the project is a necessary step to improve the capacity of the region to recover more quickly from future disaster events. Applicants must include a narrative attachment as a part of their application materials, describing in detail the nexus between their proposed project scope of work and disaster recovery and resilience efforts. The strength of the nexus to the disaster is drawn from the consequences of the relevant disaster(s) and the intended project outcomes that fulfill the community's specific post-disaster needs.