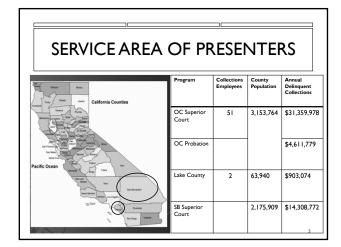
BREAKOUT SESSION C	Measuring the Resolution of Cases:
MAY 24, 2022	Court-Ordered Adjustments and
	Discharge from Accountability
1	,

# 

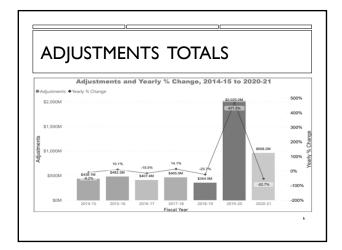


# AGENDA Adjustments General Overview and Statistics (JCC) General Overview and Statistics (JCC) General Overview and Statistics (JCC) General Overview of Background and Statistics (JCC) General Overview of Background and Statistics (JCC) General County Experience (Lake) San Bernardino County Experience (SBSC) Roundtable Discussion – Poll Questions

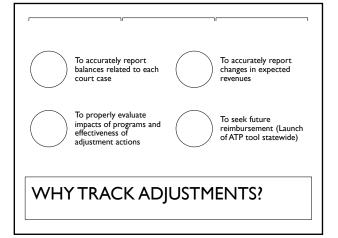
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# WHAT ARE ADJUSTMENTS? Reductions or vacates in fines, fees, & penalty assessments Community Service in Lieu of Fine Suspensions Legislatively repealed fines & fees i.e., AB 1869; AB 177 Dismissals

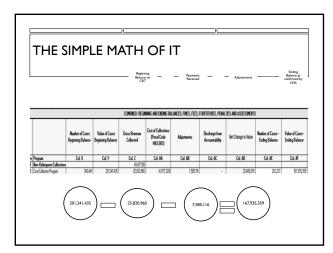
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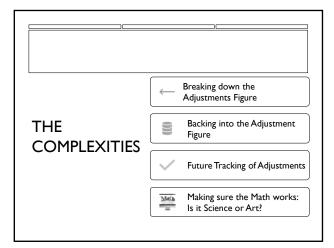


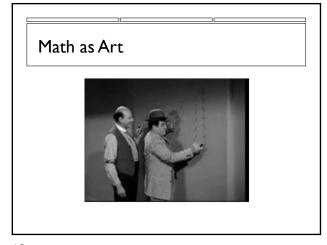
Adjustment So Dollar value of adjustr total referral balance. Adjustments Score Cluster Average	ADJUSTMENT SCORE     Definition: Adjustment Score is a representation of the dollar value of adjustments against the total referral balance.      What it Means:
Adjusted LESS	 <ul> <li>The relative amount of revenue that an entity adjusted through non-cash means.</li> </ul>
Performance normalizing metric	<ul> <li>The adjustment score is a normalizing metric and is intended to help entities understand where they stand in terms of adjustments with the other entities in their cluster.</li> </ul>



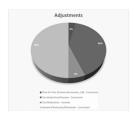
# CHALLENGES WITH REPORTING ADJUSTMENTS Case management system does not currently track and may be archaic Technology support is not sufficient or prioritized Manual tracking effort not feasible; continued staffing challenges







#### SCIENCE VS. ART



- "Scientifically" 50% of our adjustment total is pulled from data that is tracked in our case management system.
- "Artistically", the remaining 50% is deduced and presented as untracked judicial actions i.e., dismissals and reductions done in the courtroom.
- Goal is to capture needed elements of data in the "artistic" portion and move it over to the "scientifically" pulled data.

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### SUGGESTED STRATEGIES FOR REPORTING ADJUSTMENTS



Identify what data related to adjustments is currently captured and what method is used to capture it. Work with your Technology to to pull the data according to required criteria.

If the data is not currently captured, do the simple math by deducting the gross revenue and ending balance from the beginning balance. That will give you the estimated total adjustment value. Break down what you can.

Going forward, determine what changes in system, procedures of method is needed to capture the idjustment data at a more details level

Each year increase the identification of more data elements that can be marked and pulled for more detailed reporting of adjustment categories.

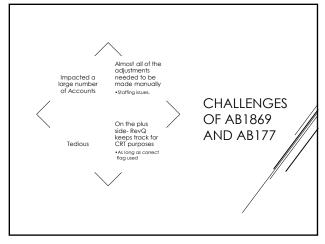
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Legislation such as AB 1869 or AB 177 adjustments would be required to be reported

LEGISLATED OR MANDATED ADJUSTMENTS These are much easier as they are already tracked for purposes of current distribution and reporting

System queries can therefore easily be done to secure that data for the annual report

Capturing the data at initiation of any new legislated fine or fee or any new process such as ATP tool will be the key to reporting adjustments that are a result of fines and fees that may be repealed or for requesting reimbursements for specific adjustments.



#### **DISCHARGE**

- Discharge is authorized and can be approved by responsible collecting entity (Government Code § 25257 and 25259.7)
- Discharge relieves entity of obligation to actively pursue the debt, but individual remains liable for payment.
- Discharge any balance too small to justify collections cost or likelihood of collection does not warrant the expense.
- Discharge provides realistic accounting of outstanding debt.

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#### Discharge Facts

\$2,022,814,011 Amount discharged since 2012

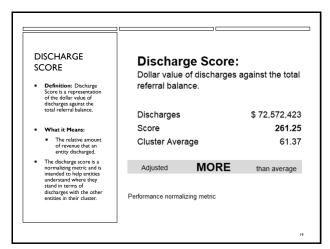
 $\textbf{2010} \ \ \textbf{Authorized a collections program operated by a court to approve discharge}$ 

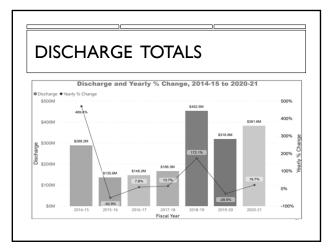
 $\textbf{16} \,\, \text{Number of collection programs that have discharged } \textbf{\$o}$ 

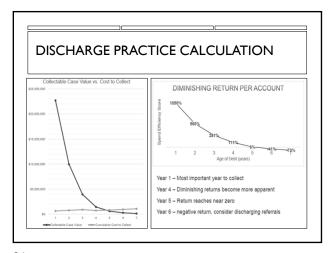
\$7.8B Total statewide uncollected delinquent debt (as of June 30, 2021)

**24%** Unpaid balance held by 16 programs with no discharge process implemented

1 Program obtained approval by addressing process as "suspension of active collection efforts..."







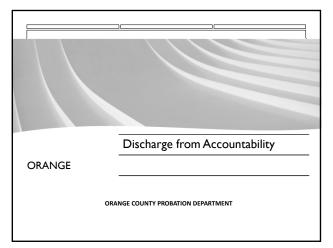
#### POLL #1

#### When should debt be considered for discharge?

- a. All collections tools have been exhausted
- b. Debt meets age criteria in guidelines (5 years and 10 years)
- c. Death certificate has been submitted to collecting entity
- d. All of the above are correct

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#### FIRST TIME FOR EVERYTHING

- OC Courts First Request for Discharge from Accountability in July 2021
- \$110 Million Request
- 146K Court Cases Submitted
- Criteria was for cases at least 10 years old and where payment has not been received in the last 10 years
- OC Probation First Request for Discharge from Accountability is planned for June of 2022
  - Estimated to be for approximately \$17M Request
  - Estimated to be 42K Court Cases
  - Criteria #1 was for cases at least 5 years old where payment has not been received in the last 5 years.
  - Criteria #2 Accounts (may represent multiple cases) valued at less than \$100 where payment has not been received in the last 2 years.

#### CHALLENGES

- Data and Technical Challenges
- IT Resource Allocation Challenges
- Political Challenges
- i.e. Large Numbers, Mis-understood

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BEN	IEFITS	
	Realistic Metrics and Program Measurement Statistics	Cost of Collections is more accurate as resources are not being spent on largely uncollectible accounts.
	Able to Better Focus Limited Resources	Small caseload assignments to staff members
	Team Moral Improvements	Better results, resulting in improved team moral

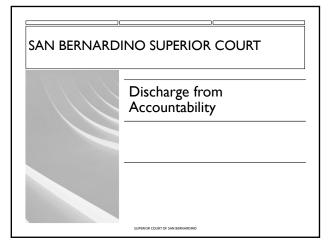
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LESSONS LEARNED	Start	Start Planning Early
	Gain	Gain Political and Management Support Early
	Focus on	Focus on the Benefits
	Emphasize	Emphasize that this action does not relieve the debt from the debtor  •This action only relieves your responsibility to collect on the debt
	Build	Build a Repeatable Process
	Commit	Commit to an Annual Discharge

#### **IMPLEMENTATION**

- Determine your Selection Criteria
- Age, Payment Status, Threshold Amount, By Case, By Account etc.
- Timing for Discharge from Accountability
  - Determine when you will make your request
  - Beginning of Fiscal Year, End of Fiscal Year etc.
- Frequency
  - How often Will you Request Discharge from Accountability
- Annually, Bi-Annually etc.
- Reporting What reports will you be required to produce and maintain
- Plan for Payments Received
- Develop a process for payments you may still receive on accounts from which you have been granted Discharge from Accountability.

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#### DISCHARGE FROM ACCOUNTABILITY: SAN BERNARDINO HAS HISTORY

- San Bernardino Courts First Request for Discharge from Accountability in April 2021
  - Existing Policy and procedure manual
  - Unable to replicate the data parameters (Debt parameters: \$81 for Infractions and \$221 for Misdemeanors)
- Outdated Methodologies
- Researched the topic
  - Discharge online
  - Multiple calls and meetings with those who could offer guidance
    - Kendra King- Los Angeles Caroline Idos- San Diego
       Maria Lira- JCC

SUPERIOR COURT OF SAN BERNARDING DISCHARGE FROM ACCOUNTABILITY

#### POLL #2

In your opinion, why has your program  $\underline{\mathsf{not}}$  implemented a regular discharge process?

- a. We lack available staff -- it is too time-consuming
- b. Pushback from Presiding Judge/Executive Office or Board of Supervisors
- c. View that \$1 is better than \$0
- d. Eventually all court-ordered debt will go away
- e. We discharge debt on a regular basis

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IMPLEMENTATION AND OUTCOMES	Local Criteria	a) Infraction or Misdemeanor case b) The balance is too small to justify the cost of collection; or c) The likelihood of collection does not warrant the expense involved.
	Timeline	Initiated January 2021 with completion by April 2021
	Frequency	How often Will you Request Discharge from Accountability?
	Vendor Reporting	Dataset validated by Court, updated in Odyssey, and returned to Revenue Recovery.
	Outcomes	April 2021, an inventory of 133,523 cases were Discharged from Accountability

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### INELIGIBLE **DISCHARGE CASES**

- 2021 dataset provided by ATC-Revenue Recovery contained 142,918 proposed discharge cases
- Data Concerns
  - Hidden Cases
  - Test Cases

  - Multi-Defendant Misdemeanor Cases
- Case Payment within last 10-years

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### FINAL QUALIFYING CASES

Case Type	Number of Discharge Cases	Estimated Discharge Amount
Infraction	91,314	\$59,706,949.57
Misdemeanor	42,209	\$25,075,325.32
Discharge Totals	133,523	\$84,782,274.89

JPERIOR COURT OF SAN BERNARDING

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#### NECESSARY COMPONENTS OF A SUCCESSFUL DISCHARGE

#### Efforts

- Collaborations- Court Tech Services (Developer), Operations, Financial Services Staff, Judicial Officers, Clerks
- Information Dissemination
  - Judicial Officer FYI
  - FAQ/Quick Reference Guide for Staff
  - Public Notice

#### Challenges

- Data and Technical Challenges
- IT Challenges- updating historic scripts to accommodate an update to 130,000+ cases

SUPERIOR COURT OF SAN BERNARDING, DISCHARGE FROM ACCOUNTABILITY

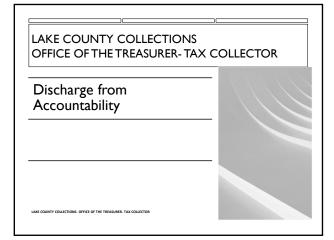
#### **LESSONS LEARNED**

- Importance of a detailed Timeline
- Department Support
- Emphasize that this action does not relieve the debt from the debtor
  - This action only relieves your responsibility to collect on the debt
- Build a Repeatable Process
- Commit to an Annual Discharge

2022 Proposed Discharge Cases		
Case Type	Proposed Cases	Proposed Amount
Infraction	8,816	\$ 5,553,497.13
Misdemeanor	1,668	\$ 734,153.23
2022 Proposed Discharge	10,484	\$6,287,650.36

SUPERIOR COURT OF SAN BERNARDING

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- ▶ Deceased
  - ► Used DMV and other databases
  - ► Started with oldest debtors
  - ▶ So far over 3000 Accounts worth 3 million dollars
    - ▶ 7 % of our portfolio
- ► Great place to start for the 16 programs that have not discharged

WHERE WE BEGAN

	_
▶Discharge	
Hope to go to the board end of fiscal year or start of next.	
►Looking to do 10 million dollars	
►Starting in oldest amount of debt	
NEXT STEPS	
40	
➤ Current ➤ 15 years or older with no contact for 10 years	
► Exceptions: Less than \$ 100 with no contact for 5	
▶ Likely deceased	
► Any case over 10 years old with no contact and incomplete data	
CRITERIA FOR DISCHARGE	
41	
	]
Staffing	
CHALLENGES	
Political Realities	
Lack of Will/ Not wanting to appear to fail	
to appear to tall	

## WHERE ARE WE GOING?

- ► Two Large Discharges
  - ► 10 Million Currently working on
  - Another 10 Million using similar criteria
  - Yearly using Judicial Council Recommendation
    - ► 5 years Infractions
    - ► 10 years Misdemeanor and Felony
    - Try to establish a set time frame around Department needs

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#### POLL #3

In your opinion, what is your programs' primary challenge in determining Adjustments to be reported on CRT?

- a. Separating out the different type of adjustments
- b. Case management system programming /IT resource availability
- c. Communication regarding reasons for adjustments
- d. Data validation and replicability
- e. Something else entirely

How are you addressing the challenges you have?

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